



## A23B Field Barns

Project Summary	Field barns, along with drystone walls, are a distinctive feature of the DerwentWISE landscape, especially around the village of Middleton By Wirksworth. Often in disuse and frequently falling into disrepair, we wanted to make a record of the barns before they are lost.  Once our volunteers were trained and the surveys were completed, we sought a barn to repair. After pursuing two options that would have been repurposed for community use, we settled on a highly visible barn in an area much frequented by local walkers.	
Lead Organisation	Derbyshire County Council/ DerwentWISE Scheme Office	
Partners	Derbyshire Adult Community Education Services at the Eco Centre Landowners in Middleton Natural England	
Location	Middleton By Wirksworth	
Duration of project	April 2015 – March 2019 Yrs: Yr2-5	
Total cost of project	£12,422	
Volunteer time In-kind time	£2,950 £68	
Outputs	Original target  1 survey of barns within the Middleton- Via Gellia valley area	Achieved  • 61 individual barns surveyed within the Middleton - Via Gellia and report compiled. Two bat surveys on an individual barn were completed.
	31 (51%) of the barns in Middleton were in Very Bad condition. A further 11 were in Poor or Poor to Fair condition. 13 were in Fair to Good condition and 6 in Good condition.	
Headlines/added value	The barns surveyed were added to the Historic Environment Record. We also conserved one barn which involved removal of pigeon waste.	
	<ul> <li>No. of barns restored within the Middleton Via Gellia valley area –</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>No. of volunteers trained in surveying skills – 11</li> <li>No. of volunteer support workshops - 4</li> </ul>	
Outcomes	<ul> <li>A1 An integrated approach to natural and cultural heritage and landscape character conservation</li> <li>A2 The delivery of significant, long lasting improvements to the</li> </ul>	

	<ul> <li>condition (and extent where appropriate) of priority sites and features, and hence to the landscape</li> <li>Character</li> <li>A3 Long term improvements to the landscape brought about through better understanding, engagement of land managers and communities, and land use policies and activities based on good information</li> <li>B2 An increased public understanding of the value of the landscape, and of the need for it to be conserved and restored</li> <li>C3 Improved access to information about the area and its heritage</li> <li>D1 The perpetuation of traditional crafts necessary for the maintenance of the landscape</li> <li>D2 Opportunities for local people to develop skills to enable them to engage with their local landscape and its conservation, and benefit from personal development and</li> <li>improved employment prospects</li> <li>D3 Increased knowledge</li> </ul>	
Lessons Learnt	A suggestion was to spend the budget putting as many crinkly tin rooves on buildings with exposed gable ends as we could- saving those buildings. However, the costs of scaffolding and repairing roof timbers meant that tiling the roof was a relatively small additional cost. We still only had sufficient funding to repair one barn.  In terms of project planning, sufficient time and budget needs to be allocated to allow for works to take place without disrupting nesting or hibernating wildlife- both bats and birds.	
Any	Ideally our work would be taken forward with a further bid for funding	
recommendations going forward	to rescue the vulnerable barns in the area from ruin. Potentially thorough Derbyshire Historic Buildings Trust and InHeritage.	
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